

CLASS A (APIGX) | CLASS L (AFDDX) | INSTITUTIONAL CLASS (AFAAX)

SUMMARY PROSPECTUS
DATED MAY 31, 2022

Before you invest, you may want to review the Fund's prospectus, which contains more information about the Fund and its risks. You can find the Fund's prospectus, reports to shareholders, and other information about the Fund online at <https://yorktownfunds.com/advisors/fund-documents/>. You may also obtain this information about the Fund at no cost by calling (888) 933-8274 or by sending an email request to info@yorktownfunds.com. The Fund's full prospectus and Statement of Additional Information, dated May 31, 2022 are incorporated by reference into this summary prospectus.

Investment Objective – High current income, as well as growth of capital and income.

Fees and Expenses

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund. You may qualify for sales charge discounts if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$25,000 in Yorktown Funds. More information about these and other discounts is available from your financial professional and in the “How to Reduce Your Sales Charge” Section on page 75 of the Fund's prospectus. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the tables and examples below.

Shareholder Fees (Fees paid directly from your investment)			
	Class A APIGX	Class L AFDDX	Institutional Class AFAAX
Maximum sales charge (load) imposed on purchases (as percentage of offering price)	5.75%	None	None
Maximum deferred sales charges (load) (as a percentage of the lesser of original purchase price or redemption proceeds)	0.50%(1)	None	None
Maximum Account fee (for accounts under \$500)	\$25/yr	\$25/yr	\$25/yr

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (Expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)			
	Class A APIGX	Class L AFDDX	Institutional Class AFAAX
Management Fee	0.60%	0.60%	0.60%
Distribution/Service (12b-1 Fees)	0.25%	1.00%	0.00%
Other Expenses	0.84%	0.84%	0.84%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (before fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements)	1.70%	2.45%	1.45%
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements (2)	(0.45)%	(0.45)%	(0.45)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (2),(3)	1.25%	2.00%	1.00%

- (1) Effective February 18, 2020, large purchases of Class A shares (greater than \$1 million) are generally subject to a CDSC of 0.25% if the shares are redeemed during the first 12 months after purchase, unless the dealer, at its discretion, has waived the commission advance paid by Ultimus Fund Distributors, LLC (the “Distributor”).
- (2) In the interest of limiting expenses of the Fund, the Adviser has entered into a contractual expense limitation agreement with the Trust, effective May 31, 2022, so that the Fund's ratio of total annual operating expenses is limited to 1.24% for Class A Shares, 1.99% for Class L Shares, and 0.99% for Institutional Class Shares until at least May 31, 2023. Pursuant to the expense limitation agreement, the Adviser has agreed to waive or limit its fees and assume other expenses of the Fund

(excluding acquired fund fees and expenses, brokerage fees, taxes, borrowing costs such as interest and dividend expenses on securities sold short, and other extraordinary expenses not incurred in the ordinary course of business) so that the Fund's ratio of total annual operating expenses is limited to the limits listed above. The Adviser is entitled to the reimbursement of fees waived or reimbursed by the Adviser to the Fund subject to the limitations that the reimbursement is made only for fees and expenses incurred not more than three years prior to the date of reimbursement, and the reimbursement may not be made if it would cause the Fund's annual expense limitations to be exceeded. The reimbursement amount may not include any additional charges or fees, such as interest accruable on the reimbursement account. Further, any recoupments will be subject to any lower expenses limitations that have been later implemented by the Board. The expense limitation agreement may be terminated only by the Board of Trustees of the Trust (the "Board") by providing 60 days' notice, or if the Adviser ceases to serve as adviser to the Fund.

- (3) Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses do not correlate to the ratio of average net assets in the Financial Highlights Table, which reflects the operating expenses of the Fund and does not include Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses.

Example:

The following example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and the Fund's operating expenses remain the same (taking into account the expense limitation agreement for the one-year period). Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Class A (APIGX) Shares:	\$695	\$1,039	\$1,405	\$2,433
Class L (AFDDX) Shares:	\$203	\$721	\$1,265	\$2,752
Institutional Class (AFAAX) Shares:	\$102	\$414	\$749	\$1,697

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 162% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

The Capital Appreciation Fund invests in securities that, in the Adviser's opinion, offer the opportunity for high current income or growth of capital and income.

The Capital Appreciation Fund may invest in the common stock of U.S. and foreign issuers and in other U.S. and foreign securities, including securities convertible into common stock and securities issued through private placements; securities issued by Underlying Funds that seek to achieve an objective of total return by investing in income-producing equity securities (including dividend-paying common stocks and convertible securities), long-, intermediate- or short-term bonds and other fixed-income securities (such as U.S. Government securities, corporate bonds, commercial paper and preferred stocks); ETFs; real estate investment trusts and other issuers that invest, deal, or otherwise engage in transactions in real estate; debt securities; and other instruments.

The Adviser invests directly in equity or debt securities when it believes attractive investment opportunities exist. Attractive investments are securities that have been identified by the Adviser as trading below their current intrinsic value and that possess fundamental attributes that, in the Adviser's opinion, indicate significant long-term growth and income potential. Although the Adviser considers ratings in determining whether securities convertible into common stock or debt securities are appropriate investments for the Capital Appreciation Fund, such securities may include investments rated below investment grade, commonly known to as "junk bonds." When investing in Underlying Funds, the Adviser considers, among other things, the Underlying Funds' past performance and their investment objectives and policies, the investment style, reputation and quality of their investment advisers and the Underlying Funds' size and cost structure. The Adviser selects ETFs in which to invest based on a number of factors, including an analysis of their past performance, market sector and liquidity. Through direct investments and indirect investments in Underlying Funds, and ETFs, the Capital Appreciation Fund may have significant exposure to foreign securities, high yield securities and equity-based, income producing securities.

The Adviser may sell a security or redeem shares of an Underlying Fund given a variety of circumstances, such as: when an investment no longer appears to the Adviser to offer the potential to achieve the Capital Appreciation Fund's investment objective; when an investment's performance does not meet the Adviser's expectations; when an investment opportunity arises that the Adviser believes is more compelling; to realize gains or limit losses; or to raise cash to meet shareholder redemptions or to pay expenses.

The Fund may, from time to time, take temporary defensive positions that are inconsistent with the Fund's principal investment strategies in attempting to respond to adverse market, economic, political, or other conditions. When the Fund takes a defensive position, the Fund's assets may be held in cash and/or invested in money market mutual funds, money market instruments, including repurchase agreements or other short-term securities considered by the Adviser to be of a defensive nature. When the Fund is invested in this manner, it may not achieve its investment objective.

Principal Investment Risks

General Risks. There is a risk that you could lose all or a portion of your investment in the Fund. The value of your investment in the Fund will go up and down with the prices of the securities in which the Fund invests.

Equity Security Risk. Prices of equity securities generally fluctuate more than those of other securities, such as debt securities. Market risk, the risk that prices of securities will decrease because of the interplay of market forces, may affect a single issuer, industry or sector of the economy or may affect the market as a whole.

Company Risk. The Fund may invest in securities that involve certain special circumstances that the Adviser believes offer the opportunity for long-term capital appreciation. These investments may involve greater risks of loss than investments in securities of well-established companies with a history of consistent operating patterns.

Investment Company Risk. Any investment in an open-end or closed-end investment company involves risk and, although the Fund invests in a number of Underlying Funds, this practice does not eliminate investment risk. The value of shares of an Underlying Fund will go up and down in response to changes in the value of its portfolio holdings.

Underlying Fund Risk. None of the Underlying Funds are or will be affiliated with the Fund or the Adviser. Therefore, investment decisions by the investment advisers of the Underlying Funds are made independently of the Fund and the Fund's Adviser. The investment adviser of one Underlying Fund may be purchasing securities of the same issuer whose securities are being sold by the investment adviser of another Underlying Fund. The result of this would be an indirect expense to the Fund without accomplishing any investment purpose. The risk that the Fund's performance is closely related to the risks associated with the securities and other investments held by underlying funds and that the ability of a Fund to achieve its investment objective will depend upon the ability of underlying funds to achieve their respective investment objectives. The Fund bears Underlying Fund fees and expenses indirectly.

Closed-End Fund Risk. Shares of closed-end funds frequently trade at a price per share that is less than the net asset value per share. There can be no assurance that the market discount on shares of any closed-end fund purchased by the Fund will ever decrease or that when the Fund seeks to sell shares of a closed-end fund it can receive the net asset value of those shares.

Exchange Traded Fund Risk. ETFs and index funds are not managed in the traditional sense, using economic, financial and market analysis, and the adverse financial situation of an issuer will not directly result in its elimination from the index. In addition, investments in ETFs involve risks similar to investments in closed-end funds including, but not limited to, the possibility that the shares of ETFs may trade at a market discount.

Debt Security Risk. The values of debt securities held by the Fund are affected by rising and declining interest rates. In general, debt securities with longer term maturities tend to fall more in value when interest rates rise than debt securities with shorter terms. A debt security is also subject to credit risk, which is the possibility that the credit strength of an issuer will weaken and/or an issuer of a debt security will fail to make timely payments of principal or interest and the security will go into default, and therefore it may lose value if the issuer is unable to pay interest or repay principal when it is due.

Junk Bonds or High Yield, High Risk Securities Risk. Bonds rated below investment grade (i.e., BB or lower by S&P or Ba or lower by Moody's) are speculative in nature, involve greater risk of default by the issuing entity and may be subject to greater market fluctuations than higher rated fixed income securities.

Foreign Securities Risk. The Fund's direct or indirect investments in foreign securities, including depositary receipts, involve risks not associated with investing in U.S. securities that can adversely affect the Fund's performance. Foreign markets, particularly emerging markets, may be less liquid, more volatile and subject to less government supervision than domestic markets. The value of the Fund's investment may be negatively affected by changes in the exchange rates between the U.S. dollar and foreign currencies. There may be difficulties enforcing contractual obligations, and it may take more time for trades to clear and settle.

Emerging Market Risk. There are greater risks involved in investing in emerging market countries and/or their securities markets. Generally, economic structures in these countries are less diverse and mature than those in developed countries, and their political systems are less stable. Investments in emerging markets countries may be affected by national policies that restrict foreign investment in certain issuers or industries.

Small-Cap Company Risk. The Fund's investments in small-cap companies may involve greater risks than investments in larger, more established issuers. Smaller companies generally have narrower product lines, more limited financial resources and more limited trading markets for their stock, as compared with larger companies. Their securities may be less well-known and trade less frequently and in more limited volume than the securities of larger, more established companies.

Real Estate Investment Trust Risk. Investments in real estate investment trusts and other issuers that invest, deal, or otherwise engage in transactions in or hold real estate or interests therein expose the Fund to risks similar to investing directly in real estate and the value of these investments may be affected by changes in the value of the underlying real estate, the creditworthiness of the issuer of the investments, and changes in property taxes, interest rates and the real estate regulatory environment.

Convertible Securities Risk. A convertible security is a bond, debenture, note, preferred stock or other security that may be converted into or exchanged for a prescribed amount of common stock of the same or a different issuer within a particular period of time at a specified price or formula. A convertible security entitles the holder to receive the interest paid or accrued on debt or the dividend paid on preferred stock until the convertible security matures or is redeemed, converted or exchanged. Before conversion or exchange, such securities ordinarily provide a stream of income with generally higher yields than common stocks of the same or similar issuers, but lower than the yield on non-convertible debt. The value of a convertible security is a function of (1) its yield in comparison with the yields of other securities of comparable maturity and quality that do not have a conversion privilege and (2) its worth, at market value, if converted into or exchanged for the underlying common stock. Convertible securities are typically issued by smaller capitalized companies whose stock prices may be volatile. The price of a convertible security often reflects such variations in the price of the underlying common stock in a way that non-convertible debt does not.

The Fund's Past Performance

The following bar chart and table below provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund's Institutional Class Share average annual returns for 1-, 5-, and 10-year periods compare with those of a broad measure of market performance. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available at www.yorktownfunds.com and by calling toll-free 888-933-8274.

Year-By-Year Annual Returns – Institutional Class Shares (AFAAX)

(for calendar years ending on December 31)



During the period covered by the bar chart, Institutional Class Shares' highest return for a quarter was 10.59% (quarter ended December 31, 2020) and the lowest return for a quarter was (16.58)% (quarter ended March 31, 2020). Institutional Class Shares' year to date total return as of March 31, 2022 was (12.95)%.

Average Annual Total Returns (for periods ending on December 31, 2021)

	One Year	Five Years	Ten Years
Return Before Taxes - Institutional Class Shares (AFAAX)	6.10%	7.73%	7.75%
Return After-Taxes on Distributions (1)	6.07%	5.15%	5.97%
Return After-Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares (1)	3.63%	5.57%	5.92%
S&P 500® Total Return Index (2) (reflects no deduction for fee, expenses or taxes)	28.71%	18.47%	16.55%

	One Year	Five Years	Ten Years
Return Before Taxes - Class A Shares (APIGX)	(0.24)%	6.18%	6.71%

	One Year	Five Years	Ten Years
Return Before Taxes - Class L Shares (AFDDX)	5.08%	6.64%	6.67%

- (1) After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown. After-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their Fund shares through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. After-Tax Returns are shown for only Institutional Class Shares and after-tax returns for Class L and Class A Shares will vary.
- (2) The S&P 500® Index is widely regarded as the best single gauge of large-cap U.S. equities. There is over USD 13.5 trillion indexed or benchmarked to the S&P 500® Index, with indexed assets comprising approximately USD 5.4 trillion of this total (as of December 31, 2020). The S&P 500® Index includes 500 leading companies and covers approximately 80% of available market capitalization.

Management

Investment Adviser – Yorktown Management & Research Company, Inc.

Portfolio Managers – David D. Basten, President and Chief Investment Officer, has served as Portfolio Manager to the Fund since its inception in July 2004. David M. Basten, Portfolio Manager, has acted as Portfolio Manager to the Fund since 2005. Brentz East, Securities Analyst, has acted as Portfolio Manager to the Fund since 2011. Barry D. Weiss, Portfolio Manager, and John P. Tener, Portfolio Manager, have acted as Portfolio Managers to the Fund since 2019.

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

You may purchase, redeem or exchange shares of the Fund on any business day, which is any day the New York Stock Exchange is open for business. You may purchase, redeem or exchange shares of the Fund either through a financial advisor or directly from the Fund. The minimum initial investment in the Fund's Class A and Class L Shares is \$1,000, and the minimum for additional investments is \$100. The minimum initial investment in the Fund's Institutional Class Shares is \$1,000,000, and the minimum for additional investments is \$100,000. There are no minimums for purchases or exchanges through employer-sponsored retirement plans. The Fund shares are redeemable on any business day by contacting your financial adviser, or by written request to the Fund, by telephone, or by wire transfer.

Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other financial intermediary and your sales person to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your sales person or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

Institutional Class Shares are sold without an initial front-end sales charge so that the full amount of your purchase is invested in the Fund.

Institutional Shares may also be available on certain brokerage platforms. An investor transacting in Institutional Shares through a broker acting as an agent for the investor may be required to pay a commission and/or other forms of compensation to the broker.
